## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Previously presented) A method of providing synchronization of a video presentation with an audio presentation, comprising:

providing for display on a user system an interactive user interface, the interactive user interface including:

an audio waveform corresponding to digital samples of audio over time:

time information displayed in association with the audio waveform;

a cue insertion interface that enables a user to insert cue at one or more locations with respect to the audio waveform, wherein the cue is configured to cause a modification with respect to the abstract visual presentation in synchronization with the audio presentation when played back:

receiving a first signal from a user input device to designate a cue at a first location with respect to the audio waveform; and

storing the designated cue in computer readable memory.

- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising providing for display via the interactive user interface at least left and right audio channel waveforms.
- 23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the first signal indicates the beginning of a guitar riff.
- 24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising automatically inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on a signal received from an automated lighting system used to light a live performance.
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the signal from the automated lighting system is a spotlight-on signal, a spotlight color signal, or a spotlight position signal.

26. (Currently amended) The method of claim 4 <u>21</u>, the method further comprising inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on monitoring of stage lighting effects.

- 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on a singer's singing.
- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on information from a microphone and/or based at least in part on information from a vibration sensor located on or near an instrument.
- 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on a filter analysis on the power of a plurality of audio frequency bands.
- 30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the filter analysis cue includes a value to indicate an audio frequency band's strength over an interval of time.
- 31.(Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the filter analysis cue includes an indication that a signal of a selected frequency component of having a strength above a predetermined threshold value is present in the audio waveform.
- 32.(Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising using mixing board automation to generate at least one cue.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising using a track pan value to generate a cue.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising using track fader adjustments, bus volume, and/or effects send and return levels to generate one or more cues.
- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising using an output from a reverb device and/or compressor device to generate one or more cues.
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising providing for display text describing the cue with the cue, and providing for

display abbreviated text describing a second cue in association with the second cue, wherein the abbreviation is performed at partly in response to a spacing of the second cue with respect to another cue.

- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the designated cue is a rotation cue indicating a rotation speed of at least a first displayed object.
- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the cue is a mood cue.
- 39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the designated cue indicates the location of a beat in the audio waveform.
- 40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the cue includes a cue identifier indicating a cue type and data indicating a visualization engine that the cue identifier follows.
- 41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the designated cue is included in a file separate from the audio presentation, the method further comprising accessing the file over a network separately from the audio.
- 42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the designated cue is included embedded with the audio presentation.
- 43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, the method further comprising:

accessing the designated cue from memory;

accessing the digital audio samples from memory;

providing the audio presentation for display in association with the visual presentation using the designated cue.

44. (Currently amended) A tangible, <u>non-transitory</u> computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions stored thereon that, if executed by a computing device, cause the computing device to perform operations comprising:

providing for display on a user system an interactive user interface, the interactive user interface including:

an audio waveform corresponding to digital samples of audio over time:

time information displayed in association with the audio waveform;

a cue insertion interface that enables a user to insert cue at one or more locations with respect to the audio waveform, wherein the cue is configured to cause a modification with respect to the abstract visual presentation in synchronization with the audio presentation when played back:

receiving a first signal from a user input device to designate a cue at a first location with respect to the audio waveform; and

storing the designated cue in computer readable memory.

- 45. (Currently amended) The tangible, <u>non-transitory</u> computer-readable medium of claim 44, the method further comprising providing for display via the interactive user interface at least left and right audio channel waveforms.
- 46. (Currently amended) The tangible, <u>non-transitory</u> computer-readable medium of claim 44, the operations further comprising automatically inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on a signal received from an automated lighting system.
- 47. (Currently amended) The tangible, <u>non-transitory</u> computer-readable medium of claim 44, wherein the cue includes a cue identifier indicating a cue type and data indicating a visualization engine that the cue identifier follows.
- 48. (Currently amended) The tangible, <u>non-transitory</u> computer-readable medium of claim 44, wherein the designated cue is included in a file separate from the audio presentation, the operations further comprising accessing the file over a network separately from the audio.
- 49.(Previously presented) An apparatus for providing an audio presentation, the apparatus comprising:

## a processor;

tangible computer-readable medium having processor-executable instructions stored thereon that, if executed by processor, cause the processor to perform operations comprising:

providing for display on a user system an interactive user interface, the interactive user interface including:

an audio waveform corresponding to digital samples of audio over time:

time information displayed in association with the audio waveform;

a cue insertion interface that enables a user to insert cue at one or more locations with respect to the audio waveform, wherein the cue is configured to cause a modification with respect to the abstract visual presentation in synchronization with the audio presentation when played back:

receiving a first signal from a user input device to designate a cue at a first location with respect to the audio waveform; and

storing the designated cue in computer readable memory.

- 50. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 49, the method further comprising providing for display via the interactive user interface at least left and right audio channel waveforms.
- 51. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 49, the method further comprising automatically inserting at least one cue with respect to the audio based at least in part on a signal received from an automated lighting system.
- 52. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 49, wherein the cue includes a cue identifier indicating a cue type and data indicating a visualization engine that the cue identifier follows.
- 53. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 49, wherein the designated cue is included in a file separate from the audio presentation, the method further comprising accessing the file over a network separately from the audio.